**UCL CANCER INSTITUTE** 

# 

# **CAR-T Cells for T Cell Lymphomas**

## Paul Maciocia University College London



# Disclosures

- UCL Business patents
- Autolus research funding, stock

#### **Poor outcomes of T cell lymphomas**



Rate, %	AITL	PTCL NOS	EATL	TCL U
5-yr OS	31.6	28.1	20.4	24.6
5-yr PFS	20.4	21.3	17.6	15.1

Slide credit: <u>clinicaloptions.com</u>

â 3

#### Ellin. Blood. 2014; 124:1570.

#### **Challenges of Targeting T Cell Malignancies**

#### Shared antigens between tumour and normal T cells



Ideal target: highly and specifically expressed on malignant and not normal T cells

#### What is a Good CAR Target in PTCL?

	PTCL			AILD		
Antigen	No.	Positive (%)	No.	Positive (%)		
Human TCR βF1	133	97	30	94		
CD2	136	70	41	100		
CD3	144	86	40	95		
CD4	135	46	38	42		
CD8	129	15	34	32		
CD5	137	20	36	19		
CD7	141	19	41	24		
CD10	143	1	43	39		
CD15	140	4	43	2		
CD30	145	3	42	0		
CD56	140	6	40	3		
CD57	143	10	42	5		
TIA-1	138	27	41	34		
GB	140	2	40	0		
ALK-C	143	0	41	0		
EBER	132	5	39	3		
Mib-1 high	138	11	40	5		
CD20	141	1	42	0		
CD79a	142	0	36	0		



In ALCL – CD30

#### Mature T cells express either TRBC1 or TRBC2

• T cell lymphomas are clonal and also express TRBC1 or TRBC2



## TRBC1/TRBC2 targeting applicable to ~90% of TCL

#### Distribution of cases by subtype



#### Peripheral T-cell Lymphoma

Angioimmunoblastic

- Natural killer/T-cell lymphoma
- Adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma
- Anaplastic large cell lymphoma, ALK+
- Anaplastic large cell lymphoma, ALK-
- Enteropathy-type T-cell
  - Primary cutaneous ALCL
- Hepatosplenic T-cell
- Subcutaneous panniculitis-like
- Unclassifiable PTCL

- High and homogeneous expression of TRBC1 or TRBC2 is seen in the majority of TCL subsets -95% of cases
- TRBC1 and TRBC2 will not be expressed in NK ۲ cell lymphomas or rare gamma delta t-cell lymphomas

#### Subtypes that are TRBC1 or TRBC2 positive

## Development of TRBC1 and TRBC2 selective antibodies

- TRBC1 and TRBC2 proteins are very similar
- Antibodies are designed to selective target the NK-KN inversion at position 4/5

		NK-KN 4/5	F-Y 36
TRBC1	1	EDL <mark>NK</mark> VFPPEVAVFEPSEAE	ISHTQKATLVCLATGFFPDHVELSWWVNGK
TRBCZ	1	EDLKNVFPPEVAVFEPSEAE	ISHTQKATLVCLATGF <mark>1</mark> PDHVELSWWVNGK
TRBC1	51	EVHSGVSTDPQPLKEQPALN	DSRYCLSSRLRVSATFWQNPRNHFRCQVQF
TRBC2	51	EVHSGVSTDPQPLKEQPALN	DSRYCLSSRLRVSATFWQNPRNHFRCQVQF
TRBC1	101	YGLSENDEWTQDRAKPVTQI	<b>VSAEAWGRADCGFTS<mark>V</mark>SYQQGVLSAT</b>
TRBC2	101	YGLSENDEWTQDRAKPVTQI	VSAEAWGRADCGFTS <mark>E</mark> SYQQGVLSAT
			V-E 135

Maciocia et al., Nature Medicine, 2017 and Ferrari et al., Bioxrviv 2022

 TRBC1 and TRBC2 discrimination on tumour cell lines and in healthy peripheral blood T cells



Fluorescence



### Development of $\alpha$ TRBC1 and $\alpha$ TRBC2 CAR T cells

Demonstration of in vitro and in vivo selectivity and activity against TRBC1 and TRBC2 target cells



### **TRBC1/ TRBC2 Assessment**

**UCL** 

#### Next Generation Sequencing

#### Immunohistochemistry

#### Flow Cytometry





Teresa Marafioti



[Clone 1]

TRBC1 positive Tcell Prolymphocytic Leukemia



 T cell clonality NGS assay currently used in AUTO4 Phase 1  FFPE specific antibodies can discriminate between TRBC1 and TRBC2 patient tumors

 Flow specific antibodies can discriminate between TRBC1 and TRBC2 in patient tumors



## **Clinical Data to Date**

Target	Target KO?	NCT	Design	Sponsor	Location	Opened
CD5	No	NCT03081910	Retro, 28z	Baylor College Medicine	Houston, USA	Mar-17
CD7	CRISPR/Cas9	NCT03690011	Retro, 28z	Baylor College Medicine	Houston, USA	Mar-19
	No (NK cells)	NC102742727	Allo NK cells - retro, 28-41bbz	PersonGen Bio I herapeutics	Suzhou, China	Mar-16
	No	NCT04033302	Lenti, 4-1BBz	Shenzhen Geno-Immune Medical Institute	Shenzen, China	Aug-19
	?	NCT04004637	?	PersonGen BioTherapeutics	Suzhou, China	Jul-19
CD4	No	NCT03829540	Lenti, 28-41bbz	iCell Gene Therapeutics	New York, USA	Feb-19
CD30	No	NCT04008394	Lenti, 3rd generation	Wuhan Union Hospital	Wuhan, China	Jul-19
	No	NCT03602157	Retro, 28z, co-express CCR4	University North Carolina	North Carolina, USA	Dec-18
	No	NCT03049449	Retro, 28z	NCI	NCI, USA	Mar-17
	No	NCT02917083	Retro, 28z	Baylor College Medicine	Houston, USA	Sep-16
	No	NCT02274584	Retro, 28z	Peking University	Florida, USA + Bejing, China	Mar-14
TRBC1	Selected TRBC2	NCT03590574	Retro, 41bbz	Autolus	London, UK	Jul-18

Now >50 recruiting studies on clinicaltrials.gov – further targets = CD37, CD38, CD70

#### **BAYLOR CD5 STUDY (ASH 2022)**

- 10 patients ٠
- Autologous retro 28-zeta CAR
- No CD5 KO ٠
- 10, 50 or 100 million cells/ m2 ٠
- 4/10 responded, 2 patients CR •
- No CD5 aplasia •
- Minimal toxicity ٠
- ? better responses with shortened • manufacture
- Limited efficacy in T-ALL (new data to be updated) ٠



🛨 #13(DL3) ←

- #14 (DL3)

1×10<sup>1</sup>

1×10

3h 1w 2w 3w 4w 6w 8w 3m 6m 9m **Followup Time** 

#### **CRISPR Therapeutics CD70 - EHA 2022**

- Allogeneic CRISPR-Cas9 edited T cells (CTX130)
  - Triple-edited TCR, B2M, CD70
- 17 patients infused, mixture of histologies

Best overall response, n (%)							D	ata cutoff date	e: 26 April 202	
Call days	DL1	DL2	DL3	DL4	DL≥3 N=10		PT	CL	СТ	CL
(CAR+ T cells)	3x10 <sup>7</sup> N=4	1x10 <sup>8</sup> N=4	3x10 <sup>8</sup> N=5	9x10 <sup>8</sup> N=5			DL≥3 N=5	Total N=8	DL≥3 N=5	Total N=10
Overall Response Rate (ORR)	2 (50)	0	3 (60)	4 (80)	7 (70)	ORR	4 (80)	5 (63)	3 (60)	4 (40)
CR	1 (25)	0	2 (40)*	1 (20)	3 (30)	CR	2 (40)	3 (38)	1 (20)	1 (10)
PR	1 (25)	0	1 (20)	3 (60)	4 (40)	PR	2 (40)	2 (25)	2 (40)	3 (30)
Disease Control Rate (DCR = CR + PR + SD)	3 (75)	1 (25)	5 (100)	4 (80)	9 (90)	DCR	4 (80)	5 (63)	5 (100)	8 (80)

\*1 patient in DL3 who initially achieved a PR was re-infused at DL4 following a change to SD and achieved a CR at DL4.

CAR, chimeric antigen receptor; CR, complete response; CTCL, cutaneous T cell lymphoma; DCR, disease control rate; DL, dose level; ORR, overall response rate; PR, partial response; PTCL, peripheral T cell lymphoma; SD, stable disease.



# **AUTO4 Study design**



- Part A: Lymphoma tissue screening for TRBC1 or TRBC2 expression using NGS
- Part B: Study screening for patients determined to have TRBC1+ Lymphoma



# **Baseline Characteristics**

	Total (N=10)
Age, median (range)	55 (34 – 63)
Median prior lines of treatment (range)	3 (1 – 5)
<ul> <li>Stage of Lymphoma at screening <ul> <li>I/II</li> <li>III/IV</li> </ul> </li> <li>Lymphoma Subtype, n (%) <ul> <li>Peripheral T-cell lymphoma NOS</li> <li>Anaplastic large cell lymphoma, ALK-negative</li> <li>Angioimmunoblastic T cell lymphoma (AITL)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2 (20%) 8 (80%) 5 (50%) 1 (10%) 4 (40%)
Prior Autologous Stem Cell Transplant, n (%)	3 (30%)
ECOG 0/1, n (%)	3 (30%), 7 (70%)
Bridging therapy YES, n (%)	7 (70%)
Autolus EHA Webinar	Data Cut affe 26 Ar

Data Cut-off: 26 April 2022

# **Key Safety Data**

	Cohort 1 25x10 <sup>6</sup> cells (N = 3)	Cohort 2 75x10 <sup>6</sup> cells (N = 2)	Cohort 3 225x10 <sup>6</sup> cells (N = 1)	Cohort 4 450x10 <sup>6</sup> cells (N = 4)	Total (N = 10)
Dose Limiting Toxicity (DLT)	0	0	0	0	0
Grade 3 or 4 TEAE within 60 days	3 (100%)	2 (100%)	1 (100%)	4 (100%)	10 (100%)
Neutropenia	3 (100%)	2 (100%)	0	3 (75%)	8 (80%)
Infections and Infestations	0	0	0	0	0
Serious TEAE	2 (67%)	0	0	2 (50%)	4 (40%)
Any grade CRS	0	0	0	4 (100%)	4 (40%)
Grade 3 CRS	0	0	0	1 (25%)	1 (10%)
Any grade ICANS	0	0	0	0	0

#### Safety set is all infused (n=10)

TEAE - Treatment-emergent adverse events; CRS - cytokine release/syndrome; HCANS: Immune Effect Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome

## Initial data encouraging



• All patients treated at highest dose level had a complete metabolic response



Efficacy assessments were performed by the Investigators according to the Lugano Classification.

+ Evaluable Set consists of patients who have received an infusion of AUTO4 treatment and completed the Day 28 evaluation.

All patients had relapsed/refractory disease at time of Part B screening and enrolment.

\* Patient was PET-negative at the start of pre-conditioning therapy.

# CAR T cells detected in lymph node but not in peripheral blood

- CAR T cells detected in a lymph node biopsy of a patient who achieved complete remission
  - Approx 2% nucleated cells in lymph node are CAR T cells (n=1)<sup>1</sup>
- No CAR T expansion detected by PCR or flow in peripheral blood



Double staining for CAR T cell (red) and CD3 (black) x40 IHC view (deconvoluted)<sup>1</sup>

CAR T cell – double stained for CAR and CD3

- AUTO4 modified manufacturing process, re-entered accelerated dose escalation
- Clinical data updates in next year in PTCL
  - CD5/ TRBC1/ CD30?
- AUTO5 (TRBC2) TBC
- Highly promising data with CD7 in T-ALL
  - ? long term remissions/ ? Infections etc

- Patrycja Wawrzyniecka
- Brian Philip
- Shimobi Onuoha
- Giuseppi Gritti
- Teresa Marafioti
- Nicola Maciocia
- Thanes Karpanasamy
- David O'Connor
- Tanya Rapoz D'Silva
- Amy Burley





- Kate Cwynarski
- UCL CTC and trials team
- Patients





Medical Research Council

THE  $\mathscr{K}$ AY  $\mathscr{K}$ ENDALL LEUKAEMIA FUND

Innovate UK

Autelus